Name	Period	

## **DIGITAL VIDEO TOOLS MATCHING**

## Digital Media 1

1.	Audio Levels	Α	Adjusting the camera's lens setting to make the footage of the subject clear and blurry.
2.	 Close-up Shot	В	Camera physically moves horizontally or left and right.
3.	 Crane	C	Can view the audio levels while playing a clip sequence.
4.	 Customize Workspace	D	Contains bins with a variety of audio and video effects.
5.	 Dolly	E	Holds several commonly used tools.
٥.	,	F	Horizontally pivoting the camera left or right, the physical location of the
6.	 Effect Control		camera doesn't change.
7.	 Effect Panel	G	Lists all the effect that are applied to the currently selected clip.
0	Focus	Н	Making the camera's color settings to match true white, which makes all
8.	 Focus	ı	other colors balanced.  Mentally dividing the frame into thirds both horizontally and vertically or 9
9.	 High Angle Shot	•	equal parts and have the subject occupy two-thirds of the frame.
		J	A visual sequence of events to provide a visual of what the video will look
10.	 Iris	.,	like.
11.	Low Angle Shot	K	Shot that shows part of the subject with more detail while still giving the impression of the location/environment.
12.	Media Browser	L	Shows a particular part of a subject with more detail.
13.	Medium Shot	М	Shows the subject and location/environment in its entirety.
14.	Pan	N	The camera physically moves towards and away from the subject to make it
15.	Program Monitor	0	The provides access to video, audio, and graphics files and lets your preview
		P	This adjust in the camera's les to allow the appropriate amount of light into
16.	 Rule of Thirds	•	the camera.
17.	Source Monitor	Q	This camera shot is from below the normal eye-level when compared to the subject.
		R	To arrange your workspace to best meet your needs as a video editor.
18.	 Storyboard		
19.	Tilt	S	To move the camera physically vertically or up and down.
20.	Timeline	Т	Used to edit clips before putting on timeline
21.	Tools Panel	U	Used to place and edit all media elements
22.	 Truck	V	Used to view clip sequences on the timeline
23.	 White Balance	w	Uses the mechanics of the camera's lens to make the subject appear closer or
24.	 Wide Shot	X	Vertically pivoting the camera up or down, the physical location of the
۷4.	 WIGC SHOL	Υ	When a camera location is above the normal eye-level compared to the
25.	 Zoom	-	subject.